The Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on Labor Market Outcomes: Differential Impacts at the Intersections of Race and Gender

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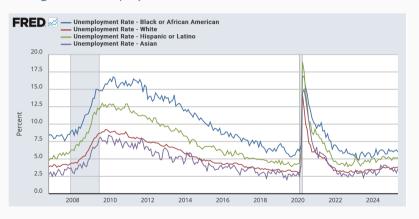
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SUMMARY

- Question: Which groups were hit the hardest by the pandemic?
- · Main Findings: Heterogeneity in unemployment risk by race and gender
 - · Latinas & Asian women had the biggest initial unemployment spikes
 - Black men saw the deepest and most persistent declines in LFP
- · Takeaway: Early stage, but policy-relevant
- · This Discussion: Focus on two main points
 - 1. Pandemic vs. Great Recession: what makes COVID-19 different?
 - 2. Unpacking mechanisms: industry, remote work, or childcare?

1ST COMMENT: HETEROGENEITY IN UNEMPLOYMENT RISK DURING RECESSIONS

Figure 1: Unemployment Rate: Great Recession vs Pandemic



- · Great Recession: more unequal across races
- What makes COVID-19 different?

2ND COMMENT: MECHANISM

What could be driving these differences?

- · Industry Affected: More women in healthcare and hospitality
- · Work from home: White men hold most remote-eligible roles
- · Childcare Burdens: School closures pulled parents out of the labor force
- · Job Security & Unions: Job security varies by race-gender
- Great Resignation: Quits accentuated persistence in unemployment for some groups